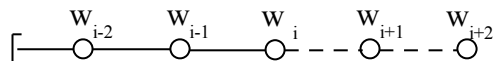


$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d^4}{dx^4} w &= \frac{q}{EJ} & \begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline 1 & -4 & 6 & -4 & 1 \\ \hline \end{array} & * \frac{W}{h^4} = \frac{q}{EJ} \\ \frac{d^3}{dx^3} w &\approx & \begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline -1 & 2 & 0 & -2 & 1 \\ \hline \end{array} & * \frac{W}{2h^3} \\ \frac{d^2}{dx^2} w &\approx & \begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline 0 & 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array} & * \frac{W}{h^2} \\ \frac{d}{dx} w &\approx & \begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array} & * \frac{W}{2h} \end{aligned} \quad W = \begin{Bmatrix} w_{i-2} \\ w_{i-1} \\ w_i \\ w_{i+1} \\ w_{i+2} \end{Bmatrix}$$

1. Swobodny koniec



$$\frac{d^2}{dx^2} w = 0 \quad \frac{d^2}{dx^2} w \approx \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline 1 & -2 & 1 \\ \hline \end{array} * \frac{W}{h^2}$$

$$w_{i-1} - 2w_i + w_{i+1} = 0 \Rightarrow w_{i+1} = -w_{i-1} + 2w_i$$

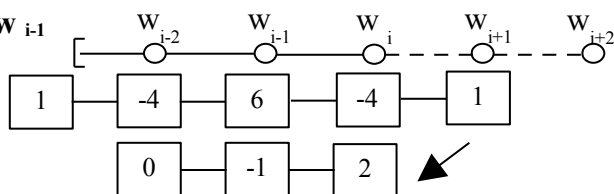
$$\frac{d^3}{dx^3} w = 0 \quad \begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline -1 & 2 & 0 & -2 & 1 \\ \hline \end{array} * \frac{W}{2h^3}$$

$$-w_{i-2} + 2w_{i-1} + 0w_i - 2w_{i+1} + w_{i+2} = 0$$

$$w_{i+2} = w_{i-2} - 2w_{i-1} + 2w_{i+1}$$

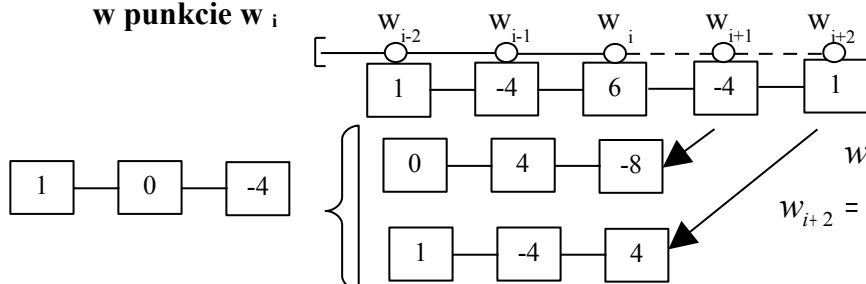
$$w_{i+2} = w_{i-2} - 2w_{i-1} + 2(-w_{i-1} + 2w_i) = w_{i-2} - 4w_{i-1} + 4w_i$$

w punkcie w_{i-1}



$$w_{i+1} = -w_{i-1} + 2w_i$$

w punkcie w_i



$$w_{i+1} = -w_{i-1} + 2w_i$$

$$w_{i+2} = w_{i-2} - 4w_{i-1} + 4w_i$$

dla dwóch pierwszych równań

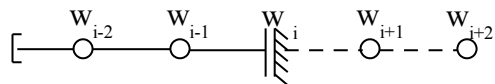
$$\begin{array}{l} \text{wiersz } w_{i-1} \\ \text{wiersz } w_i \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline -4 & 0 & 1 \\ \hline 2 & -1 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

dla dwóch ostatnich równań

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{wiersz } w_{i-1} \\ \text{wiersz } w_i \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline 0 & -1 & 2 \\ \hline 1 & 0 & -4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

METODA RÓŻNIC SKOŃCZONYCH

2. Utwierdzenie z przesuwem



$$\frac{d}{dx} w = 0 \quad \frac{d}{dx} w \approx \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} * \frac{W}{h^2}$$

$$-w_{i-1} + 0w_i + w_{i+1} = 0 \Rightarrow w_{i+1} = w_{i-1}$$

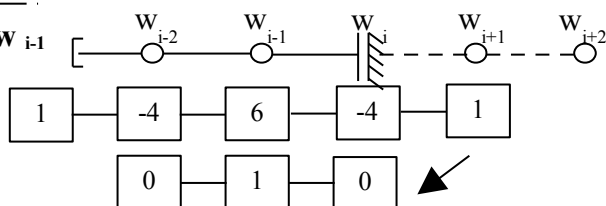
$$\frac{d^3}{dx^3} w = 0 \quad \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 0 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} * \frac{W}{2h^3}$$

$$-w_{i-2} + 2w_{i-1} + 0w_i - 2w_{i+1} + w_{i+2} = 0$$

$$w_{i+2} = w_{i-2} - 2w_{i-1} + 2w_{i+1}$$

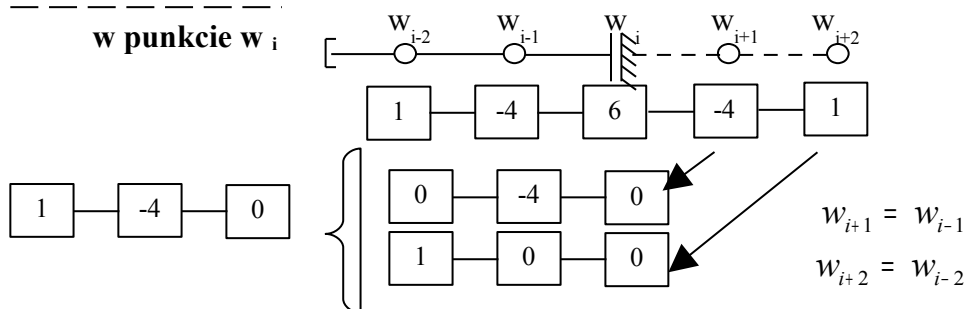
$$w_{i+2} = w_{i-2} - 2w_{i-1} + 2w_{i+1} = w_{i-2}$$

w punkcie w_{i-1}



$$w_{i+1} = w_{i-1}$$

w punkcie w_i

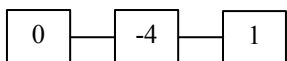


$$w_{i+1} = w_{i-1}$$

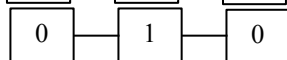
$$w_{i+2} = w_{i-2}$$

dla dwóch pierwszych równań

wiersz w_1

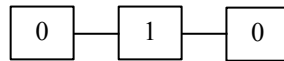


wiersz w_2

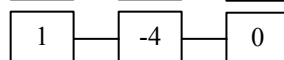


dla dwóch ostatnich równań

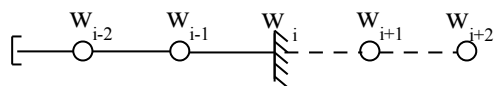
wiersz w_{i-1}



wiersz w_i



3. Pełne utwierdzenie



$$w_i = 0$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} w = 0 \quad \frac{d}{dx} w \approx \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} * \frac{W}{h^2}$$

$$-w_{i-1} + 0w_i + w_{i+1} = 0 \Rightarrow w_{i+1} = w_{i-1}$$

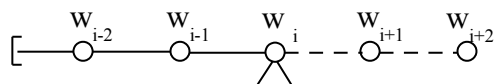
dla dwóch pierwszych równań

wiersz w_1	0	-4	0
wiersz w_2	0	1	0

dla dwóch ostatnich równań

wiersz w_{i-1}	0	1	0
wiersz w_i	0	-4	0

4. Podpora przegubowa



$$w_i = 0$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dx^2} w = 0 \quad \frac{d^2}{dx^2} w \approx \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} * \frac{W}{h^2}$$

$$w_{i-1} - 2w_i + w_{i+1} = 0 \Rightarrow w_{i+1} = -w_{i-1}$$

dla dwóch pierwszych równań

wiersz w_1	0	4	0
wiersz w_2	0	-1	0

dla dwóch ostatnich równań

wiersz w_{i-1}	0	-1	0
wiersz w_i	0	4	0

